

FOCUS ON Excavation in Unstable Slope Arosa, Switzerland

The Arosa Schafisgade project includes construction of three houses with each six luxury apartments. The houses are located in a potential unstable slope. During excavation work adjacent houses above the new built ones had to be monitored geodetically. Between the new excavation and the existing houses, two boreholes were drilled and monitored by inclinometers to detect level and magnitude of soil deformations long before construction work started. The excavation was carried out within a shotcrete retaing wall with soil nailing.

For geodetic and geotechnical monitoring the Swiss company Meisser Vermessungen was contracted. Sisgeo was appointed as a supplier for the geotechnical monitoring systems. Prior to starting excavation work, digital tiltmeters were installed to monitor the existing houses. The boreholes, situated uphill of the excavation, were then equipped with in-place-inclinometers.

In both boreholes, a series of digital and biaxial probes, each 2 m long have been installed. The tiltmeters and the in-place inclinometers were connected to Sisgeo's OMNIAlog data acquisition system. This unit, equipped with a router and GSM/GPRS-modem, sends the retrieved data regularly to a FTP server.

A project website was especially setup for this application to refresh the displacement graphs and the alarm status automatically. Vibration monitoring was operated during a short critical construction phase. In addition, the geodetic monitoring of the houses and the retaining wall is carried out with a robotic total station. Both are also included within the monitoring project website.

This complex monitoring system has proved to be very effective and reliable. So far the houses showed clear, but still small deformations and also the in-place-inclinometers showed clear response to the excavation work.







REFERENCE PROJECTS

Maratea landslide monitorina Plan de Corones landslide Miglionico landslide monitoring Laurinziano landslide monitoring Montelupone rock consolidation monitoring Molunghi landslide monitoring Permafrost monitoring, Gressan Perticara landslide Niscemi landslide Gerace rock consolidation monitoring Slope monitoring, San Vito Romano Rock masses monitoring, Crocefieschi-Busalla

Europe

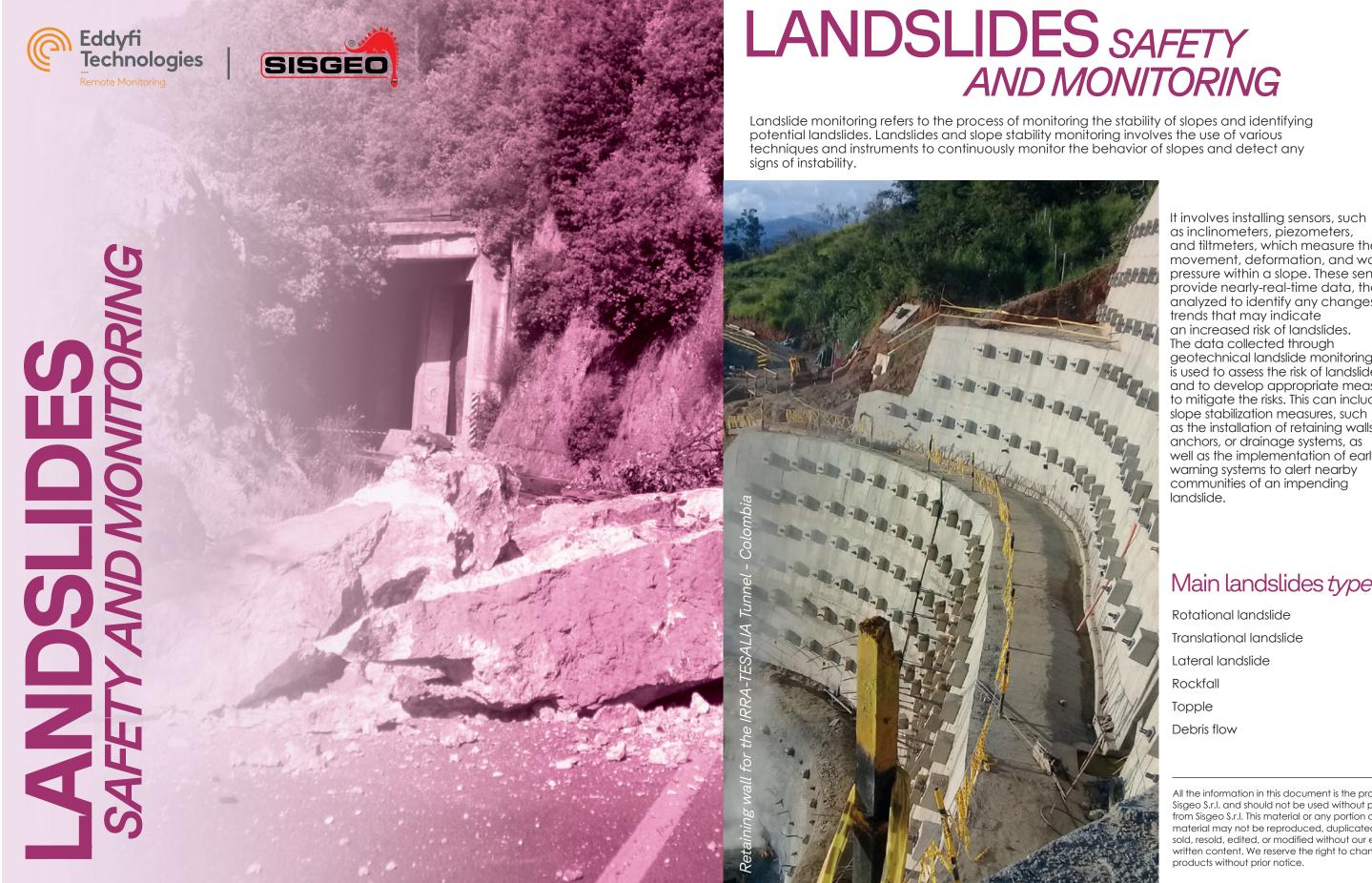
Slope monitoring, Coslada - Spain Landslide monitoring, Karlik - Czech Republic Landslide monitoring, Moscow - Russia Preddvor landslide - Slovenia Slope monitoring - Greece Vorobyovy Gory landslide - Russia Landslide monitoring, Sochi Region - Russia Partnachklamm warning system for rock falls - Germany Landlislide monitoring, Sibiu - Romania Stuttgard landslide monitoring - Germany Pipeline slope monitoring - Greece Landslide monitoring SGI, Stockholm - Sweden ESRC Project Landslide monitoring - Russia

Other Countries

NEA landslide monitoring - Georgia Langkawi Project - Malaysia Landslide monitoring Highway West - Georgia Landslide monitoring - South Taiwan Tamparuli-Ranau Sabah Package 2 Project - Malaysia Landslide monitoring - Australia

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SISGEO HEADQUARTER Via F. Serpero 4/F1 - 20060 Masate (MI) - Italy Tel. +39-02.95.76.41.30 info@sisgeo.com



AND MONITORING

Landslide monitoring refers to the process of monitoring the stability of slopes and identifying potential landslides. Landslides and slope stability monitoring involves the use of various techniques and instruments to continuously monitor the behavior of slopes and detect any

> as inclinometers, piezometers, and tiltmeters, which measure the movement, deformation, and water pressure within a slope. These sensors provide nearly-real-time data, that is analyzed to identify any changes or trends that may indicate an increased risk of landslides. The data collected through geotechnical landslide monitoring is used to assess the risk of landslides and to develop appropriate measures to mitigate the risks. This can include slope stabilization measures, such as the installation of retaining walls, anchors, or drainage systems, as well as the implementation of early warning systems to alert nearby communities of an impending landslide.

Main landslides types

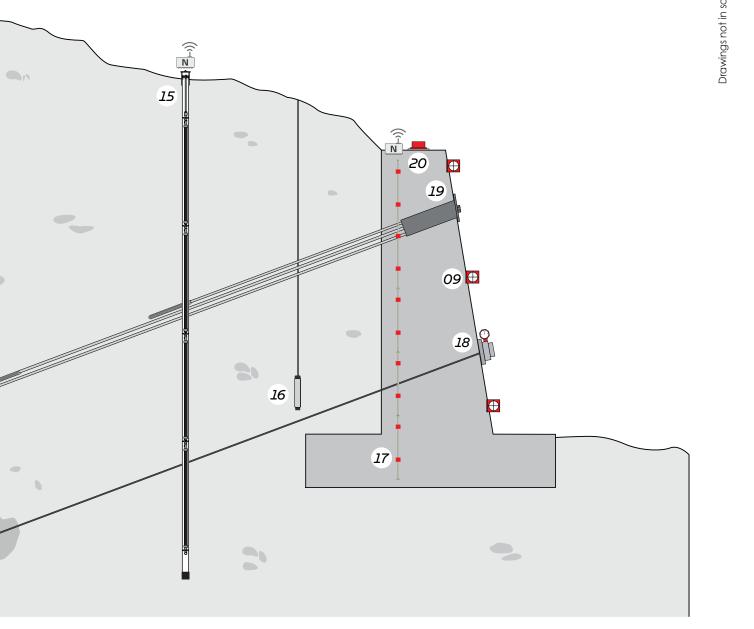
Rotational landslide

Translational landslide

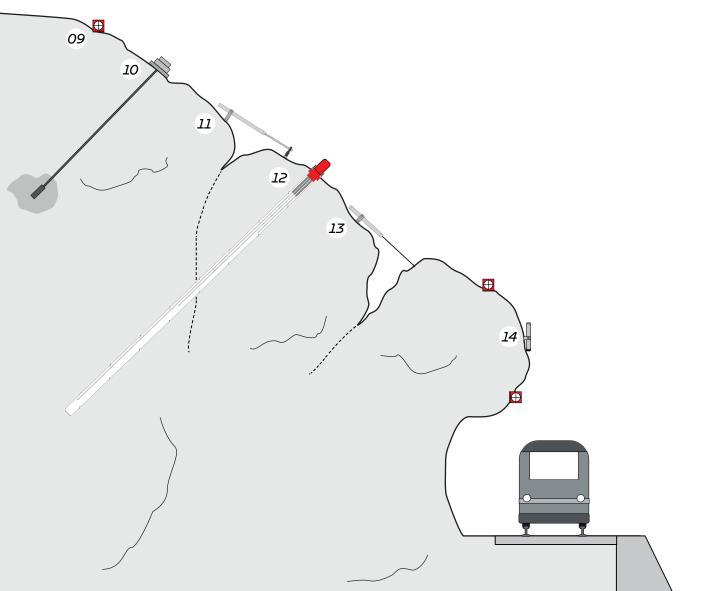
Lateral landslide

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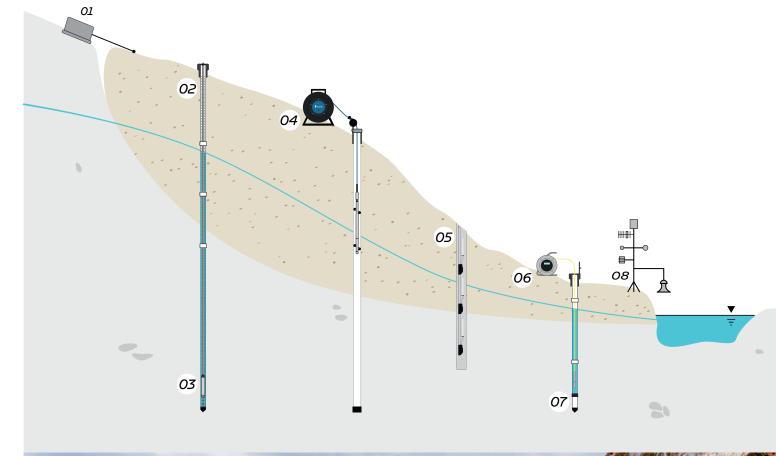
RETAINING WALL MONITORING



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ROTATIONAL **LANDSLIDES**





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